

RTOERO FOUNDATION

GRANTING PROGRAM LOGIC MODEL



ACTIVITIES

Specific tasks and actions necessary to produce outputs. Activities should include who/what/when/where/how detail.

*e.g. Focus groups.
Series of discussions with local seniors to identify need, gaps in service and insights to inform toolkit development.*

- Should be mapped onto the project schedule
- Activities are what project personnel "do" to achieve the project goals



OUTPUTS

Project deliverables which are the direct result of activities. Outputs can be tangible (objects/products) or intangible (services).

*e.g. Educational toolkit.
Print and/or digital versions of the toolkit to be shared with community service organizations working with older adults.*

- Considered immediate, first-level results
- Success can be measured as soon as project is completed



OUTCOMES

Changes or benefits for the target population from the use of outputs. Outcomes can also result directly from activities.

*e.g. Service improvements.
Organizations report an increased rate of successfully referring older adults to access local support resources.*

- Measurable change expressed as Who, What, When, Where and How
- Post-project change can be immediate or short/medium term



IMPACT

Ultimate goal of the project, expressed as aspirational change at a societal and/or systemic level.

*e.g. Healthier seniors.
Improved health metrics among the older adult population and stronger connection between them and their communities.*

- Can be difficult but not impossible to measure and quantify
- Long-term vision that may take years to achieve, post project